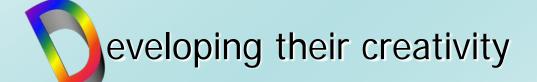




Overall Aims of Education



nhancing their effectiveness in communication



eveloping their sense of commitment



Vision of the Curriculum Reform

Learning to Learn, Learning for Life; An Adaptable Teaching Culture, An Evolving Curriculum



The 3 Questions to explore

- What are the experiences of curriculum development in Hong Kong?
- What is worth learning in the school curriculum to achieve the aims of education for the 21st century?
- How to facilitate effective teaching and learning?

Learning to Learn

- to develop the ability of independent learning, e.g. creativity and critical thinking skills
- > to be able to learn in a variety of ways
- > to become self-reflective
- > to enlarge the space of learning



- 1. recognize their roles and responsibilities in family, the society and the nation
- 2. understand their national identity and be committed to...
- 3. develop a habit of reading independently
- 4. engage in discussion actively and confidently in English and Chinese
- 5. master independent learning skills
- 6. possess foundation knowledge in 8 KLAs
- 7. lead a healthy lifestyle, and develop an interest in and appreciation of aesthetic and physical activities



Five Learning Experiences:

- Moral and Civic Education
- Intellectual Development
- Community Service
- Physical and Aesthetic Development
- Career-related Experiences



8 Key Learning Areas

- 1. English Language Education
- 2. Chinese Language Education
- 3. Mathematics Education
- 4. Personal, Social & Humanities Education
- 5. Science Education
- 6. Technology Education
- 7. Arts Education
- 8. Physical Education

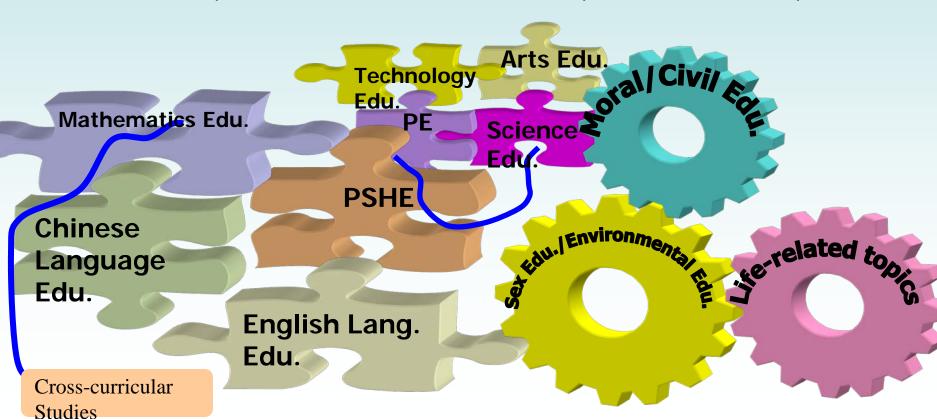
Generic Skills

- 1. Collaboration Skills
- 2. Communication Skills
- 3. Creativity
- 4. Critical Thinking Skills
- 5. Information Technology Skills
- 6. Numeracy Skills
- 7. Problem Solving Skills
- 8. Self-management Skills
- 9. Study Skills





Cultivate positive values & attitudes through curricular & cross-curricular learning activities such as moral/civic education, environmental education, sex education, etc.



Existing Curriculum

S6 – S7 Science Group Art Group Commercial Group

S4 - S5
Science Stream
Art Stream
Commercial Stream

S1 – S3 Chi. Eng. Maths. Sci. EPA, PE, Arts ...

P1 – P6 Chi. Eng. Maths. General Studies PE, Arts ...

Curriculum Framework

Key Learning Areas

C E M S T P A P H N A C E H R S T H S S E E S S C O C

Collaboration skills

Communication skills

Creativity

Critical thinking skills

Information technology skills

Numeracy skills

Problem solving skills

Self-management skills

Study skills

Values & Attitudes



A New Culture of Learning & Teaching

- From transmission of knowledge to learning how to learn
- From over-emphasizing academic studies to focusing on whole-person
- From compartmentalized subjects to integrated learning
- From reliance on textbooks to use of diversified learning and teaching materials
- From classroom teaching to learning beyond the classroom, with support from the community
- From traditional time-tabling to an integrated and flexible arrangement of teaching time
- From premature streaming to providing more opportunities for students to explore their aptitudes and potentials



Changes inside & outside the classroom

- > Trimming some teaching topics
- Reducing mechanical & drill-typed exercises
- Balanced curriculum, life-wide learning
- Designing cross-curricular modules/projects ing/learning practices

 Building on schools existing effective teaching/learning practices
- Arts curriculum incorporating science teaching/learning practices elements and incorporating effective teaching/learning practices
- Promoting a reading culture Building on schools'existing effective teaching/learning practices Building on schools'existing effective teaching/learning practices

Building on schools'existing effective teaching/learning practices



Creating a good learning environment

Changes inside & outside classrooms environment

Creating a good learning environment

- > Reducing no. of tests and exams arning environment
- > Using different modes of assessment
- > Catering for learner differences
- > Flexible time-tabling arrangement

Creating a good learning environment

Creating a good learning environment

Creating a good learning environment



An Exemplar on flexible use of lesson time

- 10% lesson time for moral/civic education, life skills & library studies
- 1/2 day in a week for learning activities outside school
- cross-curricular activity day in the beginning/end of term
- different subjects to be offered in four terms in a year



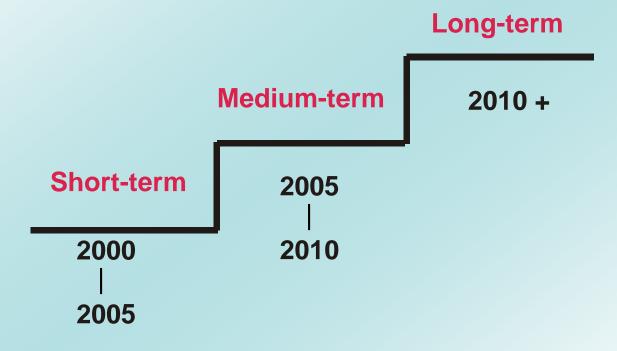


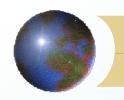
Key Support to Teachers/Schools

- Providing diversified training courses
- Setting a resource bank for exemplars
- Providing on-site support to enhance quality of teaching & learning
- Implementing 'seed' projects & introducing evidence-based findings from related research & development projects



Phases of Curriculum Development: Incremental & Cumulative





Short-term: 2000 to 2005

- ◆Time for teachers and schools to strengthen learning to learn in existing curricula
- ◆Time for transition to the new curriculum framework through the development of school-based curricula with support of government
- Generating and sharing experiences

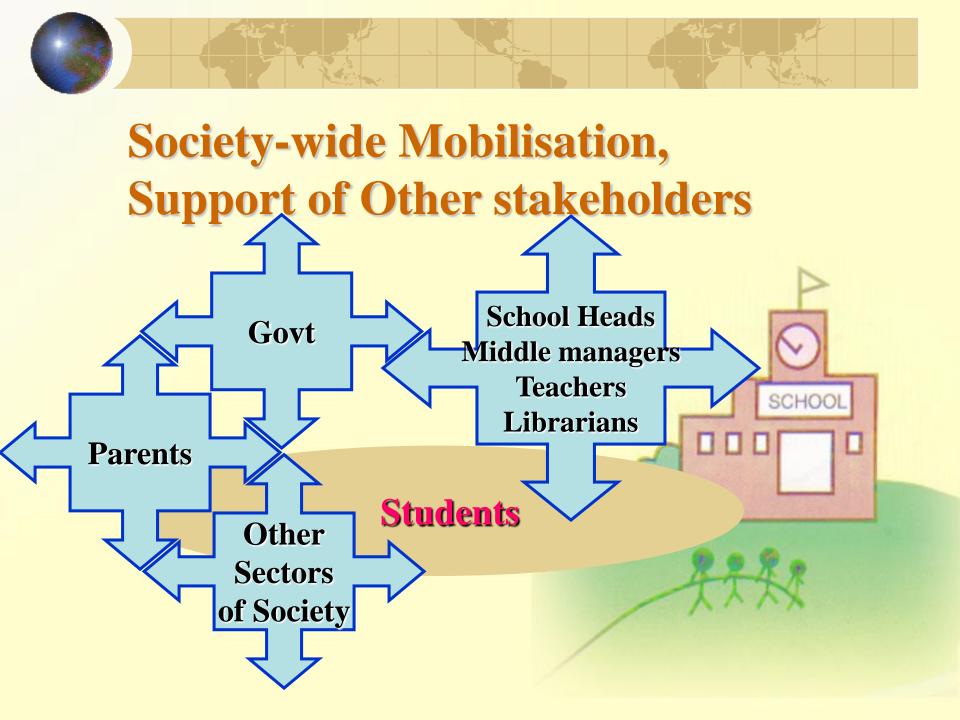


Medium-term

To enhance the quality of education by adopting a school-based curriculum in line with the open curriculum framework

Long-term: 2010 +

Vision for life-long learning





Consultation Period

Late November 2000 to 15 February 2001